

PROFITING FROM OUR RELATIONSHIP

PROFITING FROMOUR RELATIONSHIP

Another record year for us at the Bankrecord profits and outstanding performances in all our portfolios.

Our success year after year is a reflection of the quality of the relationships we continue to forge with all our stakeholders - staff, customers, shareholders and the community.

This year's Annual Report is a recognition that the alliances built over time through the growth of the bank continues to make us a better financial institution which stands out in the Caribbean as a beacon.

CUSTOMERS' CHARTER

To keep the Bank a customer friendly institution.

• To treat customers as an integral part of the Bank and serve them with the highest levels of xintegrity, fairness and goodwill.

• To provide customers with the products and services they need, in the form and variety they demand them, at the time they require them, and at prices they can afford.

• To give our customers good value for the prices they pay.

To mobilise domestic and foreign financial resources and allocate them to efficient productive uses to gain the highest levels of economic development and social benefits.

 To promote and encourage the development of entrepreneurship for the profitable employment of available resources.

• To exercise sound judgement, due diligence, professional expertise and moral excellence in managing our corporate business and advising our customers and clients.

• To maintain the highest standard of confidentiality, integrity, fairness and goodwill in all dealings with customers, clients and the general public.

To create a harmonious and stimulating work environment in which our employees can experience career fulfilment, job satisfaction and personal accomplishment; to provide job security; to pay fair and adequate compensation based on performance, and to recognise and reward individual achievements.

POLICY STATEMENT

• To promote initiative, dynamism and a keen sense of responsibility in our Managers; to hold them accountable personally for achieving performance targets and to require of them sustained loyalty and integrity.

 To provide our shareholders with a satisfactory return on their capital and thus preserve and increase the value of their investment.

 To be an exemplary corporate citizen providing managerial, organisational and ethical leadership to the business community.

The policies set out above inform and inspire our customer relationships, staff interactions and public communication; guide our corporate decision making process; influence the manner in which we perform our daily tasks; and direct our recruitment, organisational, operational and development policies, plans and programmes.

Our Directors, Management and Staff are unreservedly committed to the observance of the duties and responsibilities stated above for the fulfilment of our Mission.



VISION

To be recognised internationally as a premier financial institution through advanced technology, strategic alliances and superior products and services.

MISSION

To be an efficient, profitable and growth-oriented financial institution, promoting social and economic development in the national and regional community by providing high quality financial services and products at competitive prices.

- Articles Governing Meeting
 - Analysis of Income and Expenditure

Branches, ATM and Subsidiaries

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Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the **THIRTY-SIXTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited** will be held at the Ocean Terrace Inn, Fortlands, Basseterre on Thursday 25th January 2007 at 5.00pm for the following purposes:-

- 1 To read and confirm the Minutes of the Meeting held on 12th January, 2006
- 2 To consider Matters Arising from the Minutes
- 3 To receive the Directors Report
- 4 To receive the Auditors Report
- 5 To receive and consider the Accounts for the year ended 30th June 2006
- 6 To declare a dividend
- 7 To elect Directors
- 8 To appoint Auditors for the year ending 30th June 2007, and to authorize the Directors to fix their remuneration
- 9 To discuss any other business for which notice in writing is delivered to the Company Secretary three clear banking days prior to the meeting.

By Order of the Board

Claudina V. Davis Secretary

10 November 2006

SHAREHOLDERS OF RECORD

All shareholders of record as at 15th November 2006 will be entitled to receive a dividend in respect of the financial year ended 30th June, 2006.

PROXY

A member of the Company who is entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to vote in his stead. No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not entitled to vote at the meeting for which the proxy is given. The proxy form must be delivered to the Company Secretary 48 hours before the meeting.



ARTICLES GOVERNING MEETINGS

ARTICLE 42

At any meeting, unless a poll is demanded as hereinafter provided, every resolution shall be decided by a majority of the Shareholders or their proxies present and voting, either by show of hands or by secret ballot, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of such meeting shall have a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a member.

ARTICLE 43

If at any meeting a poll is demanded by ten members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote, the poll shall be taken in every such manner as the Chairman shall direct; and in such case every member present at the taking of the poll, either personally or by proxy, shall have a number of votes, to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall be taken shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a member and proxy.

ARTICLE 45

Every member shall on a poll have one vote for every dollar of the capital in the Company held by him.

ARTICLE 56

At every ordinary meeting one-third of the Directors shall retire from office. If the number of Directors be not divisible by three, then the nearest to one-third of the number of Directors shall retire from office. The Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election. As between Directors of equal seniority in office the Directors to retire shall be selected from amongst them by lot. A retiring Director shall be immediately, or at any future time, if still qualified, eligible for re-election.

ARTICLE 59

No one (other than a retiring Director) shall be eligible to be a Director, unless notice in writing that he is a candidate for such office shall have been given to the Company by two other members of the Company at least seven days before the day of holding the meeting at which the election is to take place.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION	<u>2006</u> \$`000	<u>2005</u> \$`000	<u>2004</u> \$`000	<u>2003</u> \$`000	<u>2002</u> \$`000
BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION					
Total Assets	1,614,256	1,504,155	1,309,433	1,059,376	956,020
Deposits	1,141,913	1,109,218	984,235	828,380	725,953
Loans and Advances	846,303	691,953	517,158	416,791	498,562
Investment	164,916	119,510	119,179	119,064	122,096
Cash and Money at call	540,409	636,534	603,239	459,347	303,230
OPERATING RESULTS					
Gross Operating Income	154,956	110,660	88,229	78,246	78,004
Interest Income	103,489	78,355	62,170	60,763	61,580
Interest Expense	61,668	50,423	43,022	36,570	34,811
Earnings Before Income Tax	68,071	40,624	23,848	24,280	27,588
Net Income	47,525	27,120	16,687	17,722	19,214
Operating Expenses/Provisions	25,217	19,613	21,359	17,395	15,606
Gross Revenue per Employee	1,013	748	584	509	527
SHARE CAPITAL &					
DIVIDEND INFORMATION					
Paid up Share Capital	81,000	81,000	81,000	81,000	81,000
Shareholders' Equity	210,181	173,814	157,412	144,836	127,459
Dividends	12,150	10,935	10,935	8,356	2,700
Number of Shareholders	5,083	3,226	2,738	2,738	2,738
Earnings per Share (\$) (Diluted)	0.59	0.33	0.21	0.22	0.30
Dividends per Share (\$)	0.150	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135
BALANCE SHEET AND					
OPERATING RESULTS RATIOS (%)					
Loans and Advances to Deposits	74.1	62.4	52.5	50.3	68.7
Staff Cost/Total Cost	14.6	16.8	14.4	15.7	17.8
Cost/Income (Efficiency)	27.0	32.6	47.3	41.7	36.1
Return on Equity	24.8	16.4	11.0	13.0	18.8
Return on Assets	3.1	1.9	1.4	1.8	2.1
Risk weighted assets	61.9	47.4	25.9	43.9	41.5
Equity Multiplier	8.1	8.5	7.8	7.4	9.0
Asset Utilization	9.9	7.9	7.5	7.8	8.4
Yield on Earning Assets	8.2	6.7	6.2	7.4	8.2
Cost to Fund Earning Assets	4.9	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.1
Net interest Margin	3.3	2.4	1.9	2.9	4.1

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ANALYSIS OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

	<u>2006</u> \$`000	<u>2005</u> \$`000	<u>2004</u> \$`000	<u>2003</u> \$`000	<u>2002</u> \$`000
INCOME					
Interest	103,489	78,355	62,170	60,763	61,580
Gain on Foreign Exchange	4,690	1,944	1,960	2,450	1,865
Gain on Marketable Securities (Net)	-	-	-	118	196
Dividends	330	389	529	233	299
Service Charge	1,311	1,509	1,504	956	1,165
Commission	44,342	27,352	21,124	13,261	12,352
Miscellaneous	794	1,111	942	465	547
	154,956	110,660	88,229	78,246	78,004
EXPENDITURE					
Interest	61,668	50,423	43,022	36,570	34,811
Establishment Expenses	9,209	5,207	5,362	7,328	4,882
Staff Employment	12,654	11,755	9,245	8,445	8,953
Stationery and Supplies	622	594	568	506	486
Loss on Marketable Securities	1,078	490	1,244	-	-
Miscellaneous	784	772	652	674	674
Audit Fees and Expenses	72	72	107	69	67
Other Finance Charges	798	723	4,181	373	544
	86,885	70,036	64,381	53,965	50,417



CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Walford V. Gumbs Mitchell Gumbs Yvonne Merchant-Charles Linkon Willcove Maynard Halva Maurice Hendrickson Elsie Eudorah Mills Sharylle V. I. Richardson Sonia Romelia Carr Dr Mervyn Laws Edmund W. Lawrence Chairperson 1st Vice Chairperson 2nd Vice Chairperson Director Director Director Director Director Director Director Managing Director

CORPORATE SECRETARY

SOLICITORS

AUDITORS

Claudina V. Davis

Kelsick, Wilkin & Ferdinand Chambers South Independence Square BASSETERRE

Dublin and Johnson Chambers Sands Complex George Street BASSETERRE

Simmonds and Associates Chartered Accountant P O Box 126 New Street BASSETERRE



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Island Purified Water

"National Bank truly supports local business. I am an example of this. The Bank was with me from the beginning, providing support and the financing needed. Today we are a leader in our business. None of this would have been possible without the bank's partnership".

Leroy Powell (Left) - Owner of Island Purified Water and Sidris Phipps (Right) - Acting Manager of Sandy Point Branch



Mortgages

"National Bank is into more than providing mortgages, to us they are into building homes and lives. To us they have been real friends and partners for life. They provided us with the financing to build our home where we could raise our family and make memories that last a lifetime. Thank You National Bank".

Deidre Venner (left) - Manager, General Banking Division with Ervin and Elizabeth Woodley - Senior Clerk and Nurse.



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"We own a gift shop in Nevis. Though we are a small business National Bank treats us like we are special. That means alot to us. Our bank has been here for us from the very beginning and thanks to them we have grown from strength to strength."



Ocean Edge Resort (Cable Bay Development)

"National Bank understands the importance of Tourism Investment to the country. This is why they have been so committed in providing the financing for Ocean Edge Resort – a USD 100 million five star resort of 300 rooms to be spread over 40 acres".

Nicolas Menon (left) - Director of Cable Bay Hotel Development Inc., Esrick Lanns (middle) - Senior Manager, Credit Division and Owen Pritchard (Right) - Regional Director New Found Development





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La Vallee Greens Golf Course and Resort

"National Bank continues to show its foresight and commitment to the development of the country's leisure, travel and tourism industry. They have partnered with us in the development of this premiere golf course and resort which will be a major plus not only for the country but also for the region".

From left...Wayne Delpechee (), Hermier Morton-Anthony (Director), Oswald Martin (Chairman), Caroline Adams (Manager - Loans & Advances, (NATIONAL BANK) & Eurick Dorsett (Project Manager).



Annual Report

Hills Surveys and Mapping

"I take my profession seriously and approach it with passion and pride. This is why I am fortunate to have a Bank that serve me with the same level of professionalism and care. They see me not just a customer but truly as a partner in progress."

Sherming Lewis (left) - Manager, Nevis Branch and Simeon Hills, owner of Hills Surveys and Mapping

BRANCHES AND SUBSIDIARIES

BRANCHES

ATMS

SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED

REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE PARENT COMPANY Nevis Branch Charlestown, Nevis

Sandy Point Branch Main Street, Sandy Point, St. Kitts

Saddlers Branch Main Street, Saddlers, St. Kitts

Pelican Mall Branch Bay Road, Basseterre, St. Kitts

Airport Branch RLB International Airport

Old Road St. Paul's Cayon Lodge St. Peter's CAP Southwell Industrial Park Vance W Amory International Airport Nevis Branch Sandy Point Branch Saddlers Branch **RLB** International Airport Pelican Mall Basseterre Branch Camps Port Zante Tabernacle

National Bank Trust Company (St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla) Limited Rosemary Lane, BASSETERRE, St. Kitts

National Caribbean Insurance Company Limited Church Street, BASSETERRE, St. Kitts

St. Kitts and Nevis Mortgage and Investment Company Limited Central Street, BASSETERRE, St. Kitts

St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited Central Street, BASSETERRE, St. Kitts



Chairperson's Statement





HUNDER

AND PARTY

Chairperson's Statement

This year as the St Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited continues to celebrate 35 years of operations, I am pleased to report that the year under review was another successful year.

In fiscal 2006 total assets increased to \$1,614,256,000 or 7% from \$1,504,155,000 in 2005. Deposits grew from \$1,109,218,000 in 2005 to \$1,141,913,000 or 3% in 2006. Our loan portfolio increased by \$154,350,000 or 22% to \$846,303,000 from \$691,953,000 in 2005. Net operating income before depreciation and tax increased by 66% to \$70,045,000 from \$42,224,000 in 2005.

The financial result for the year when measured against the current competitive banking environment is outstanding, and National has truly been "Building on its Strengths" as each year it has recorded significant growth.

The strong foundation of National has enabled it to contribute enormously in every sphere of development and economic activity in the Federation: housing, education, health, tourism, commerce, industry, infrastructure development, sports and culture.

The success of the Bank is due in large measure to its institutional structure, and the harmonious relationships among the Board, Management and Staff.

The Bank places high value on its human resources and although it has invested substantially in appropriate equipment and technology, this must be driven by a workforce that is adaptable and well trained. We shall continue to up-grade the skills of the staff while we encourage and assist them in their personal development. On behalf of the Board of Directors I wish to thank them all for their contribution to the success of the Bank.

I wish to thank all of our shareholders, particularly those who have remained with the Bank over the 35 years. I am sure that their investment in National was fully justified.

I thank all of our valued customers for their patronage for without them we could not have achieved the level of success recorded.

I must also thank my fellow Directors for their cooperation and contribution during the past year. It is my hope that we can achieve even greater success in the next 35 years, as we continuously work together for the benefit of the institution.

Walford V. Gumbs Chairperson

November 10, 2006



MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The Bank performed satisfactorily during financial year 2006. Assets grew to \$1.614 billion from \$1.504 billion in 2005, an increase of \$110 million or 7%. Loans increased by \$155 million or 22% to \$846 million from \$691 million in 2005. Profit before depreciation and tax increased by \$28 million or 66% to \$70 million from \$42 million in 2005. Profit after depreciation and tax grew by \$20 million or 74% to \$47 million in 2006 from \$27 million in 2005.

Interest income of \$103 million in 2006 was \$25 million or 32% more than interest income of \$78 million in 2005, and non-interest income of \$51 million in 2006 was \$19 million or 59% more than non-interest income of \$32 million in 2005.

Interest expense of \$61 million in 2006 was \$11 million or 22% higher than interest expense of \$50 million in 2005, and non-interest expense of \$19 million in 2006 was \$2 million or 11% higher than non-interest expense of \$17 million in 2005.

Total income of \$154 million in 2006 was \$44 million or 40% more than total income of \$110 million in 2005. Total expense in 2006 was \$81 million compared with \$68 million in 2005. The increase in total expense in 2006 over 2005 was \$13 million or 19%.

In 2006 the rate of increase in total income was more than twice the rate of increase in total expense. Thus for every \$1 increase in expense in 2006 over 2005, there was \$3.38 increase in income, and \$1.53 increase in net profit in 2006 over 2005.

In 2006 if non-interest income of \$51 million were ignored, and total expense of \$81 million (which included the expense incurred in earning the non-interest income) were deducted from the interest income of \$103 million only, the Bank would still have shown a profit of \$18 million before depreciation and tax for fiscal 2006.

These results produced a substantial growth of 21% in shareholder value, year-on-year, and points to unreserved customer confidence in the safety, soundness and strength of the Bank.

During the year under review deposits grew to \$1.142 billion from \$1.109 billion in 2005, an increase of \$33 million or 3%. The rate of increase in deposits in 2006 was slower than in 2005 and preceeding years. In 2006 the rate of dissaving by customers (individuals and businesses) affected by the closure of the sugar industry, to meet their financial obligations and maintain their standard of living, was almost as high as the rate of increase in deposits by other customers.



MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Shareholders equity increased by \$36 million or 20% to \$210 million in 2006 from \$174 million in 2005. The dividend recommended for 2006 is 15%, an increase of 1.5% over the 13.5% paid in 2005.

A shareholder who bought 100 shares for \$100 (at the issue price of \$1 per share) in the first share issue by the Bank in 1970, and who has neither bought nor sold any shares since, now owns 1,500 shares in the Bank. The additional 1,400 shares resulted from share dividend distributions of one for two in 1994, one for one in 1997 and four for one in 2001. The shareholder is paid cash dividends on his entire shareholding of 1,500 shares.

At a dividend of 15% or 15 cents a share, the shareholder will be paid a cash dividend of \$225 for 2006 on his 1,500 shares. Therefore the income return in 2006 on the shareholder's original investment of \$100 is \$225 or 225% tax free.

Additionally the capital growth of the \$100 invested by the shareholder in 1970 was worth \$4,500 on the Eastern Caribbean Securities Exchange on 30 June 2006. This translates into a tax free capital growth at the average rate of 11.5% per annum compounded over 35 years.

The Bank is being lauded effusively for continuously producing added value for the shareholders.

During the year under review the Bank contracted for the installation of specialized state-of-the-art technology to complement its specific human resource capacity.

This strategic policy implementation enables the Bank to fully automate its Anti-Money Laundering system, enhance its Due Diligence and Compliance programme, and upgrade its procedures for identifying politically exposed persons. The combined infrastructural sophistication and personnel competencies position the Bank in the top ranking of fully compliant financial institutions globally.

The factors most responsible for the survival and success of the Bank are leadership, strategy and vision. During the year under review the Bank accelerated the execution of its carefully calibrated programme for leadership progression and succession; energetically pursued its focused strategy to re-orientate its information, communication and operational logistics; kept its long-term planning horizons constantly in clear view.



MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Thus the Bank ensured its long-term survival and success; assured its flexibility and efficiency; insured its resilience and stability against exogenous shocks.

The Bank is acknowledged as a market leader in the sub-region and beyond.

In 2006 the economy was driven by activities in the construction and services sectors mainly. Performance in the tourism sector was mixed with an increase in the number of stay over visitors and a decline in cruise ship passengers, compared with 2005. Output in the agricultural sector declined as a result of the closure of the sugar industry. Manufacturing was steady, and registered improvements in exports and imports substitution. We expect sustained improvements in all of the sectors over the foreseeable future.

Looking ahead the Bank will continue to build a solid superstructure on the firm foundation that has been laid, so that the institutional attributes and characteristics, ideas and ideals, that made it strong during the first 35 years, will make it stronger yet over the next 35 years.

Juparene

Edmund W. Lawrence Managing Director

10 November 2006



Directors' Report

Your Directors have pleasure in submitting their Report for the financial year ended June 30, 2006.

DIRECTORS

In accordance with the Bank's Articles of Association one third of the Directors shall retire by rotation at every Annual General Meeting. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

The retiring Directors by rotation are:

Mr. Linkon Maynard

Ms. Elsie Mills

Mrs. Sonia Carr

The retiring Directors, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

BOARD COMMITTEES

In keeping with its management function and fiduciary duties, the Board of Directors operates through seven (7) committees namely Asset/Liability Management, Audit, Budget, Corporate Governance, Credit, Executive and Investment.

All committees meet regularly and work closely with management to deal with the many challenges facing the financial services industry and the Bank in particular.

FINANCIAL RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Bank has a duty to its shareholders to protect their investment in the company and to provide them with an adequate return on their investment.

In recent years, shareholders equity has been on the increase, moving from \$56.4 million in 1999 to \$210.2 million in 2006. This represents an impressive 272.7% increase.

The Directors report that profit after taxation for the year ended June 30, 2006 amounted to \$47.5 million, with earnings per diluted share of \$0.59.

Further discussion of the performance of the Company can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis presented in a separate section of the annual report.

The Directors have decided to recommend a dividend of 15% for the financial year ended June 30, 2006. This recommendation, if approved by the Annual General Meeting, will mean that a total dividend of \$12.2 million will be paid in 2006 compared with \$10.9 million in 2005.

AUDITORS

The retiring auditors, Simmonds and Associates, Chartered Accountant, have expressed their willingness to be re-appointed and a resolution to the effect will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Claudina V. Davis Secretary November 10, 2006

Annual Report

Directors' Responsibilities in Respect Of the Preparation of Financial Statements

Company Law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the company and of the profit and loss for the period. In preparing financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- a) Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- b) Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- c) State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.
- d) Prepare the financial statements on a going-concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to detect and prevent fraud and other irregularities.



AUDITORS REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ST. KITTS-NEVIS-ANGUILLA NATIONAL BANK LIMITED

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of the St Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group) as of June 30, 2006, and the related profit and loss account and cash flow statement of the group for the year then ended.

These financial statements set out on pages 22 to 44 are the responsibility of the Company's Directors. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We read the other information published with the financial statements and considered whether it was consistent with the audited financial statements. We considered the implications for our audit if we became aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentations.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Company and the Group as at June 30, 2006 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

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SIMMONDS AND ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountant

ST. KITTS

10 November 2006

BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2006

BANK

GRO	UP
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<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000	ASSETS	Notes	<u>2006</u> \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
636,534 691,953	540,409 846,303	Cash and Money at call Loans and Advances	4 5	539,940 832,272	635,513 678,957
119,510 - 17,750	164,916 - 17,750	Investments Investment in Properties Investment in Subsidiaries	6 7 8	166,905 32,090 -	121,499 31,781 -
4,950 16,906	5,077 17,771	Customers' Liability under Acceptances Guarantees and Letters of Credit Premises and Equipment	9 10	5,077 22,646	4,950 21,979
16,178	21,741	Other Accounts Deferred Tax Asset	11 12	31,386	27,777
1,504,155	1,614,256	Total Assets		1,630,605	1,522,830
		Liabilities			
17,037 1,109,218 1,944	86 1, 141,913	Due to Other Banks Customers' Deposits Due to Subsidiaries	13	86 1,056,208	16,609 1,033,539 -
11,474	11,474	Deferred Cost Acceptance, Guarantees and	14	11,474	11,474
4,950	5,077	Letters of Credit Accumulated Provisions, Creditors	9	5,077	4,950
185,718	245,211 314	and Accruals Deferred Tax Liability	15 12	331,095 314	267,588
1,330,341	1,404,075	Total Liabilities		1,404,254	1,334,160
		Shareholders' Equity			
81,000 3,877	81,000 3,877	Share Capital Share Premium	16	81,000 3,877	81,000 3,877
74,756 14,181	109,492 15,812	Reserves Retained Earnings	17	125,329 16,145	88,898 14,895
173,814	210,181	Total Shareholders' Equity		226,351	188,670
1,504,155	1,614,256	Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Eq	uity	1,630,605	1,522,830

Director: _

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Director: _

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Walford V. Gumbs

Mitchell Gumbs

The attached notes form part of these Financial Statements



B	ANK				GROUP
<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000	Ν	lotes	<u>2006</u> \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
27,932	41,821	NET INTEREST INCOME	18	43,829	30,095
32,305	51,467	NON-INTEREST INCOME		66,012	48,797
60,237	93,288			109,841	78,892
(322)	(3,480)	Loan Loss Provision		(3,480)	(322)
(17,691)	(19,763)	Non-Interest Expense		(34,104)	(31,784)
42,224	70,045	Net Operating Income before Depreciation and Tax		72,257	46,786
(1,600)	(1,974)	Depreciation		(1,974)	(2,066)
40,624	68,071	Net Operating Income before Tax		70,283	44,720
(13,504)	(20,546)	Income Tax Expense		(21,025)	(15,063)
27,120	47,525	Net Profit for the year ended June 30		49,258	29,657
0.33	0.59	Diluted/Basic earnings per share	20	0.61	0.37

The attached notes form part of these Financial Statements



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Notes	Share Capital \$000	Share Premium \$000	Statutory Reserves \$000	Loan Loss Reserves \$000	General Reserves \$000	Revaluation Reserves \$000	Retained Earnings \$000	Shareholders' Equity \$000
Balance at June 30, 200	4	81,000	3,877	26,955	7,500	36,074	2,461	13,624	171,491
Prior YearIncome Tax		-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,723) (73)	(1,723) (73)
- As Restated Net Income Gains from changes		81,000 -	3,877 -	26,955 -	7,500 -	36,074 -	2,461 -	11,828 29,657	169,695 29,657
in fair value Transfer to Reserves Dividends	17 21	-	-	- 8,000 -	- -	- 7,655 -	253	- (15,655) (10,935)	253 - (10,935)
Balance at June 30, 200		81,000	3,877	34,955	7,500	43,729	2,714	14,895	188,670
- Income Tax			-	-	-	-	-	(420)	(420)
As Restated Net Income		81,000	3,877	34,955 -	7,500	43,729	2,714	14,475 49,258	188,250 49,258
Transfer to Reserve Appreciation in Market Value of Investment	17	-	-	15,045	4,500	17,108	-	(36,653)	-
Securities	17	-	-	-	-	-	92	-	92
Deferred Tax	17	-	-	-	-	-	(314)	-	(314)
Dividends	21		-	-	-	-	-	(10,935)	(10,935)
Balance at June 30, 2006		81,000	3,877	50,000	12,000	60,837	2,492	16,145	226,351

The attached notes form part of these Financial Statements



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GROUP

<u>2005</u> \$000	2006 \$000	Notes	2006 \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
40,624	68,071	Cash flows from operating activities Operating Income Before taxation Adjustments for:	70,283	44,720
(78,355) 50,423 1,600 322 (36) 57	(103,489) 61,668 1,508 3,480 - 23	Interest Income Interest Expense Depreciation Provision for Ioan Losses Prior Year adjustments Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(104,120) 60,291 1,974 3,480 23	(78,821) 48,726 2,066 322 2,348 57
14,635	31,261	Operating income before changes in operating assets and liabilities	31,931	19,418
(174,809) (49) (8,969) 13,029 124,983 1,944	(157,765) (66) (3,907) (16,951) 32,695 (1,944)	 (Increase) decrease in operating assets: Net loans and advances Interest receivable on loans and advances Other accounts Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities: Due to other banks Customers' Deposits Due to subsidiaries 	(153,315) (66) (3,609) (16,523) 22,669	(155,477) (49) (8,987) 12,600 118,848
40,679	45,463	Accumulated provisions, creditors, and accruals	63,670	46,141
11,443	(71,214)	Cash (used in) generated from operations	(55,243)	32,494
78,204 (56,351) (7,984)	101,832 (48,849) (19,248)	Interest received Interest Paid Income tax paid	102,601 (59,628) (23,996)	80,914 (56,897) (9,567)
25,312	(37,479)	Net cash (used in) generated from operating activities	(36,266)	46,944
(803) (37,747) (78) 19,800	(2,396) (23,422) (45,314) - -	Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of fixed assets Increase in special term deposits Net movement in investment securities Investment in subsidiaries Increase in Investment Properties	(2,664) (23,421) (45,314) - (394)	(1,004) (37,747) (724) - (1,020)
(18,828)	(71,132)	Net cash used in investing activities	(71,793)	(40,495)
(10,935) (4,451) 493,284	(10,935) (119,546) 488,833	Cash flow from financing activities Dividend paid Decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(10,935) (118,994) 487,812	(10,935) (4,486) 492,298
488,833	369,287	Cash and cash equivalents 4 at end of year	368,818	487,812

The attached notes form part of these Financial Statement



BANK

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

1 INCORPORATION

(a) St Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited

The Bank was incorporated on the 15th day of February, 1971 under the Companies Act Chapter 335, but was re-registered under the new Companies Act No. 22 of 1996 on the 14th day of April 1999.

(b) National Bank Trust Company (St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla) Limited

The Trust Company was incorporated on the 26th day of January, 1972 under the Companies Act Chapter 335, but was re-registered under the new Companies Act No. 22 of 1996 on the 14th day of April 1999.

(c) National Caribbean Insurance Company Limited

The Insurance Company was incorporated on the 20th day of June, 1973 under the companies Act Chapter 335, but was re-registered under the new Companies Act No. 22 of 1996 on the 14th day of April 1999.

(d) St. Kitts and Nevis Mortgage and Investment Company Limited (MICO)

MICO was incorporated on the 25th day of May, 2001 under the Companies Act No. 22 of 1996. The Company commenced operations on the 13th day of May, 2002.

2 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

(a) St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited

The Bank provides a comprehensive and international range of banking, financial and related services.

(b) National Bank Trust Company (St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla) Limited

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of long-term mortgage financing, raising long-term investment funds, real estate development, property management and the provision of trustee services.

(c) National Caribbean Insurance Company Limited

The Insurance Company provides coverage of life assurance, non life assurance and pension schemes.

(d) St. Kitts and Nevis Mortgage and Investment Company Limited (MICO)

MICO acts as the real estate arm of the Bank and provides investment in the form of Bond Certificates and mutual funds.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies of the Group are based on generally accepted accounting principles. These accounting policies are summarized below:-

Basis of preparation (a)

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention and International Accounting Standards.

Currency (b)

All values are expressed in Eastern Caribbean Currency.

(c) **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and Cash Equivalents, as mentioned in the statement of cash flows, comprise of cash on hand, balances with other financial institutions and the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank, as well as short term funds and investments whose maturities are ninety days or less.

Consolidation (d)

The Group Accounts consolidate the Accounts of the Bank and its Subsidiaries, National Bank Trust Company (St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla) Limited, National Caribbean Insurance Company Limited and St. Kitts and Nevis Mortgage and Investment Company Limited for the accounting period ended June 30, 2006. The Group's Share of the profits of Subsidiary Companies is included in the Profit and Loss Account.

(e) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on buildings on a straight line basis over the period of the lease or over forty (40) years for freehold premises. Equipment including the Computers, Furniture and Fittings, and Vehicles are depreciated on a straight line basis at rates which will facilitate writing off the Assets over their effective useful lives at rates ranging from 10% to 33 1/3%.

(f) **Claims Equalisation Reserves**

Annually 10% of the value of Gross Premiums in the Insurance Company on Fires, Motor and Marine is transferred to a Claims Equalisation Reserve Account.

Insurance Funds (g)

Annually 75% of accumulated surplus on Health, Public Liability and Sundry Insurance are carried forward as Insurance Fund Reserves.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(h) Interest

Interest received in the Insurance Company has been distributed after providing 81/2% on Pension Fund between Shareholders' and Policy Holders' Funds; 80% has been allocated to Life Revenue Account, the remaining 20% to Profit and Loss Account.

(i) Claims

Provision for outstanding claims is made for the estimated cost of claims to be paid in respect of incidents occurring up to the end of the financial year whether reported or not, together with related claims handling expenses. Anticipated reinsurance recoveries, are recorded separately as assets.

Provision for outstanding health claims is the higher of the actual claims or one month's average claim.

(j) Provision for Unexpired Risk

Provision for unexpired risk is the proportion of premiums written in the current year which relates to the cover provided in the following year. The basis being the 24th method applied to the sum of net premiums written and commission retained on all classes of non life insurances except for medical insurance where 40% is used. No provision is made with respect to the Group Pension.

(k) Expenses

Expenses of Management in the Insurance Company are allocated to the various revenue accounts as follows:-

(i) on actual basis where the expenditure can be allocated,
(ii) on the basis of 5% of the gross premiums of life and health premiums, and
(iii) on the basis of premiums written for the others.

(I) Foreign Currency

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the mid-rate of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction. Financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are converted to Eastern Caribbean currency at the mid-rate of exchange ruling on that day. Gains and losses resulting from such transactions and from the translation of financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in income.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(m) Investments

Investment securities are classified into the following four categories: financial assets at fair value through profit and loss; available-for-sale, held-to-maturity, and originated loans. Investment securities intended to be held for an indefinite time period, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rate or equity prices and are not financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are classified as available-for-sale. Investment securities with fixed maturity where management has both the intent and the ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity.

Investment securities are initially recognized at cost – which includes all transactions costs. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss and Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently remeasured to fair value based on quoted bid prices. As fair values for unquoted securities are not readily available, both equity and debt securities are measured at cost less any provision for impairment.

Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of securities are recognized in income if such securities are "Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Profit and Loss" or equity if they are Available-for-Sale and quoted. When securities are disposed of, the resulting gain or loss is included in income.

A financial asset is impaired if its carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of a financial instrument measured at fair value is the present value of future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of interest for a similar financial asset. When securities become impaired the related impairment loss is charged to income as a loss.

Held-to-maturity and originated loan investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective yield method, less any provision for impairment.

An impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortised cost is the difference in the asset's carrying amount and the present value of future cash flows discounted at the financial instrument's original effective interest rate.

Interest earned on all investment securities is reported in interest income.

Dividend on equity securities, when received, is reported separately in dividend income. All purchases and sales of investment securities are recognized at trade date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell all financial assets.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(n) Loans and Advances

Loans originated by the Bank are financial assets created by providing money directly to a borrower and as such are carried at cost.

The accrual of interest ceases when the principle or interest is past due 90 days or when, in the opinion of management, full collection is unlikely. The allowance for loan impairment is based on continuous appraisal of all loans and advances together with an annual review of loan collateral. Specific provisions for losses are made against loans and advances when, in the opinion of management, credit risk or economic factors make recovery doubtful.

The allowance for loan impairment also covers general provisions for losses as required by the regulators, as there is always the possibility of losses within a loan portfolio that have not been specifically identified as non-performing at the balance sheet date.

The provision for loan impairment and recoveries of bad debts previously written off is charged to income. When a loan is uncollectable, it is written off against related allowance for impairment. All subsequent recoveries are credited to the bad debt recovered income account.

(o) Taxation

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred income tax.

(p) Income

Interest Income is recognized on the accrual basis for productive loans and advances, Investment Securities, and Interest bearing deposits with other financial institutions. Non-Productive loans and advances relate to accounts whose repayments of principle or interest are 90 days or more in arrears. Interest on these accounts is taken to income when received. Other income, such as fees and commission, is recognized on the accrual basis.

(q) Comparative Figures

Certain changes in presentation have been made during the year and comparative figures have been restated accordingly.

(r) Reserve Requirement

In accordance with Article 33 of the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank (Central Bank) Agreement 1983, the St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited is required to maintain reserves against deposits through cash holdings and/or by deposits held with the Central Bank.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

E	BANK		G	ROUP
<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000		<u>2006</u> \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
CASH AND	MONEY AT CAL	L		
11,354	11,413	Cash in Hand	11,416	11,357
82,112	191,664	Deposits with other Financial Institutions	192,953	82,430
1,247	1,113	Items in the course of collection	1,113	1,247
102,876	66,255	Deposit balance with ECCB	66,255	102,876
291,244	98,842	Term Deposit	97,081	289,902
488,833	369,287	Cash and cash equivalents	368,818	487,812
147,701	171,122	Special Term Deposit	171,122	147,701
636,534	540,409		539,940	635,513
		Included in Special Term Deposit are term Deposits pledged for the benefit of VISA International and MasterCard in support of		
67,808	69,176	the Bank's international card business	69,176	67,808
LOANS AND	ADVANCES			
627,855	801,861	Performing loans and advances	787,829	614,859
72,092	55,119	Non-performing loans and advances	55,120	72,092
699,947	856,980	Gross	842,949	686,951
308	373	Interest Receivable	373	308
(8,302)	(11,050)	Loss provision for doubtful debts	(11,050)	(8,302)
691,953	846,303	Net	832,272	678,957

judgement has been obtained. A significant amount of these non-performing loans are secured by mortgage on real estate.

		Liquidity analysis of gross loans and advances Based on contractual maturities		
542,233	615,569	Within one year	615,569	544,293
11,911	27,163	One to three years	27,163	11,911
12,397	42,863	Three to five years	42,863	12,397
133,406	171,385	Over five years	157,354	118,350
699,947	856,980	Gross	842,949	686,951

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

BAN	١K		G	ROUP
<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000		2006 \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
5 LOANS AND AD	OVANCES (c	ont′d)		
5.2		Sectoral Analysis		
104,257 285,843 94,427 12,559 27,421 25,329 137,156 12,955	100,905 280,268 80,693 12,310 28,436 26,224 318,294 9,850	Consumers Agriculture, fisheries and manufacturing Construction and land development Distributive trade, transportation and storage Tourism, entertainment and catering Financial Institutions State, statutory bodies and public utilities Professional and other service	86,874 280,268 80,693 12,310 28,436 26,224 318,294 9,850	91,261 285,843 94,427 12,559 27,421 25,329 137,156 12,955
699,947	856,980	Gross	842,949	686,951
		Provision for Doubtful Debts	<u> </u>	
7,980	8,302	Balance brought forward	8,302	7,980
322	(732) 3,480	Charge-off and write-offs Specific charge against income	(732) 3,480	- 322
8,302	11,050	Balance	11,050	8,302
6 INVESTMENTS				
		Financial Assets at fair value through Profit & Loss		
8,714 21,266 - - -	7,910 19,031 10,621 21,181 8,381	Corporate Bonds U.S. Government Securities Equities Mutual Funds Other	7,910 19,031 10,621 21,181 8,381	8,714 21,266 - - -
29,980	67,124		67,124	29,980
1,805	1,897	Available-for-sale (quoted) East Caribbean Financial Holding Company Ltd. 230,000 shares at \$8.25 each (market price) (2005- \$7.85)	1,897	1,805



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

ВА	NK			GROUP
<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000		<u>2006</u> \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
6 INVESTMENT	-S (cont'd)			
		Available-for-sale (unquoted) - cont'd		
		Treasury Bills maturing August 22, 2006 with in	terest	
80,768	80,768	Rate at 6.5% (2006 and 2005 – Nominal value of \$82,101,500)	82,490	82,490
776	776	National Commercial Bank of Grenada Ltd 62,100 ordinary shares at a cost of \$10 each	776	776
-	2,618	Wireless Ventures (St. Kitts-Nevis) Ltd 969 Shares at a cost of US \$1000 each	2,619	-
550	550	Caribbean Credit Card Corporation 550 ordinary shares at a cost of \$1,000 each	550	550
1,083	1,566	Cable Bay Hotel Development Company Ltd 5,794 ordinary shares at a cost of US\$100.00 each	1,566	1,083
91	91	Eastern Caribbean Home Mortgage Bank 1,727 shares at a cost of \$100 each	173	173
100	100	Eastern Caribbean Securities Exchange 10,000 class "C" shares at a cost of \$10 each	100	100
	1,351	TCI Bank Ltd 500,000 Shares at a cost of US \$1.00 each	1,351	
5	5	Society for Worldwide Inter Bank Financial Telecommunication, 1 share at a cost of \$5,148	5	5
-	-	Cable and Wireless	185	185
555	555	Antigua Barbuda Investment Bank 185,000 shares at a cost of \$3 each	555	555
	3,718	ECIC Holdings Ltd 632,200 ordinary shares at US \$1.00 each and 743,750-6%Preference Shares at US \$1.00 each.	3,718	<u>-</u>
83,928	92,098		94,088	85,917
		Held-to-maturity		
1,000	1,000	Debentures – Government of St. Kitts and Nevis Maturing July 15, 2008 with interest at 8%	1,000	1,000

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

BA	NK			GROUP
<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000		<u>2006</u> \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
NVESTMENTS	(cont'd)			
		Originated debt		
		Eastern Caribbean Home Mortgage Bank Long-term		
1,000	1,000	Bond maturing July 1, 2010 with interest rate at 5.5% (2005-6.75%)	1,000	1,000
1,497	1,497	Antigua Commercial Bank 10% interest rate Series A Bond maturing December 31, 2016	1,496	1,496
		Caribbean Credit Card Corporation unsecured loan wit	h	
300	300	interest at 10% with no specific terms of repayment	300	300
2,797	2,797		2,796	2,796
119,510	164,916		166,905	121,499
		Securities classified according to currency		
29,980	67,124	United States Currency Securities	67,124	29,980
89,530	97,792	Eastern Caribbean Currency Securities	99,781	91,519
119,510	164,916		166,905	121,499
NVESTMENTS	PROPERTIES			
-	-	Land and Buildings	31,471	31,162
	-	Other	019	619
-			32,090	31,781
	2005 \$000 NVESTMENTS 1,000 1,497 300 2,797 119,510 29,980 89,530 119,510	\$000 \$000 \$000 \$000 INVESTMENTS (cont'd) 1,000 1,000 1,497 1,497 300 300 2,797 2,797 119,510 164,916 29,980 67,124 89,530 97,792	2005 \$0002006 \$000INVESTMENTS (cont'd)Originated debt1,0001,0001,4971,4971,4971,497300300 2,79729,980 8,53067,124 97,792119,510164,916INVESTMENTS PROPERTIES	2005 2006 <th< td=""></th<>

During the year ended June 30, 2003, St. Kitts and Nevis Mortgage and Investment Company Limited (MICO), a subsidiary of the Bank, acquired the remaining properties used by an entity as security for advances made to it by the Bank.

8 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

5,750	5,750	National Bank Trust Company (St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla) Limited – 5,750,000 shares at \$1 each	-	
12,000	12,000	St. Kitts and Nevis Mortgage and Investment Company Limited 12,000,000 shares at \$1 each –	-	
17,750	17,750		-	



6

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

BANK			GROUP				
<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000		<u>2006</u> \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000			
9 CUSTOMERS' LIABILITY UNDER ACCEPTANCES, GUARANTEES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT							
854 4,096	981 4,096	Letters of Credit Guarantees (credit cards)	980 4,097	854 4,096			
4,950	5,077		5,077	4,950			
10 PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT							
14,609	14,417	Freehold Premises	18,628	18,920			
264	583	Furniture and Fittings	649	356			
1,829	2,518	Equipment	2,852	2,287			
204	253	Vehicles	517	416			
16,906	17,771		22,646	21,979			
11 OTHER ACCOUNTS							
3,223	4,814	Interest Receivable	4,840	3,223			
646	412	Other Receivables	9,886	12,234			
12,007	16,212	Prepayments	16,357	12,019			
302	303	Stationery and Cards stock	303	301			
16,178	21,741		31,386	27,777			
12 TAXATION							
		Tax Expense					
13,604	20,460	Current Tax	20,939	15,163			
(100)	86	Deferred Tax	20,939 86	(100)			
13,504	20,546		21,025	15,063			
40,624	68,071	Profit for the year before tax	70,283	44,720			
14,218	23,825	Income tax at the applicable tax rate of 35%	24,599	15,652			
1,397	1,444	Non-deductible expenses	1,444	1,397			
62	25	Deferred tax over provided	25	62			
(2,173)	(4,748)	Income not subject to tax	(5,043)	(2,048)			
13,504	20,546		21,025	15,063			

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

В	ANK		c	GROUP
<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000		<u>2006</u> \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
12 TAXATION ((con't)	Deferred Tax		
(274) (100)	(374) 85 314	Tax Assets Recovered during the year, net Tax Liabilities	(374) 85 314	(274) (100)
(374)	25		25	(374)
(374)	(289) 314	Accelerated depreciation Available for sale securities	(289) 314	(374)
(374)	25		25	(374)
13 CUSTOMER	S' DEPOSITS			
		Analysis by Sector		
243,872 283,156 439,344 142,846	266,573 307,153 470,017 98,170	Consumers Private Businesses and Subsidiaries State, Statutory Bodies and Non-Financial Institutions Others	266,573 220,535 470,017 99,083	243,872 207,059 439,344 143,264
1,109,218	1,141,913		1,056,208	1,033,539
14 DEFERRED C	CREDIT			
11,474	11,474	Balance brought forward	11,474	11,474

St. Kitts and Nevis Mortgage and Investment Company Limited (MICO), a subsidiary of the Bank, acquired in December 2002 the remaining properties used by a customer as security for advances made to it by the Bank. As a result, interest accrued on those advances is deferred until MICO disposes of the said properties to outside buyers.

15 ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS, CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS

21,749 13,938 1,361 2,535 93,540 32,382	- 34,568 15,110 945 2,813 93,540 68,713	Insurance Funds Interest Payable Income Tax Payable Managers Cheques and Bankers Payments Unpaid Drafts on Other Banks Bonds Payable E-Commerce Payables	74,058 34,568 16,582 945 2,813 93,540 68,713	65,748 21,749 16,745 1,361 2,535 93,540 32,382
32,382 20,213	68,713 29,522	E-Commerce Payables Other Payables	68,713 39,876	32,382 33,528
185,718	245,211		331,095	267,588



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

BAt	NK		G	ROUP
2005 \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000		<u>2006</u> \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
16 SHARE CAPITA	AL			
		Authorised:-		
135,000	135,000	135,000,000 Ordinary Shares of \$1 each	135,000	135,000
81,000	81,000	Issued and Fully Paid:- 81,000,000 Ordinary Shares of \$1 each	81,000	81,000
17 RESERVES				
34,955	50,000	Statutory Reserve	50,000	34,955
7,500	12,000	Loan Loss Reserve	12,000	7,500
29,587 2,714	45,000 2,492	General Reserve Revaluation Reserve	60,837 2,492	43,729 2,714
2,714	2,492	Revaluation Reserve		2,714
74,756	109,492		125,329	88,898
		Statutory Reserve		
26,955	34,955	Balance brought forward	34,955	26,955
8,000	15,045	Additions	15,045	8,000
34,955	50,000		50,000	34,955

In accordance with Section 14 (1) of Saint Christopher and Nevis Banking Act No. 6 of 1991, the St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited is required to maintain a reserve fund into which it shall transfer not less than 20% of its profit of each year whenever the reserve fund is less than the Bank paid-up capital.

General Reserve

23,587	29,587	Balance brought forward	43,729	36,074
6,000	15,413	Amount transferred during the year	17,108	7,655
29,587	45,000		60,837	43,729



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

BAN	NK		GF	ROUP
<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000		<u>2006</u> \$000	<u>2005</u> \$000
17 RESERVES (c	ont'd)			
		Revaluation Reserve		
1,909 552	1,909 552	Property Available-for-sale securities (on adoption of IAS 39)	1,909 552	1,909 552
253	345	Movement in Market value of investment securities	345	253
	(314)	Deferred Tax on securities appreciation	(314)	-
2,714	2,492		2,492	2,714

During December 1996 a valuation on property was carried out on the Bank's land and building by Vincent Morton & Associates Limited – an independent valuer.

7,500	7,500 4,500	Loan Loss Reserve Balance brought forward Amount transferred during the year	7,500 4,500	7,500
7,500	12,000		12,000	7,500

18 NET INTEREST INCOME

Interest Income

56,711 3,216 11,111 7,282 35	75,104 1,928 10,786 15,640 31	Loans and Advances Loan fees Deposits with other financial institutions Investments Other	75,735 1,928 10,786 15,640 31	56,727 3,216 11,111 7,732 35
78,355	103,489		104,120	78,821
		Interest Expense		
43,144 7,279	53,973 7,695	Customers' Deposits Due to other Banks	52,596 7,695	41,447 7,279
50,423	61,668		60,291	48,726
27,932	41,821	Net Interest Income	43,829	30,095



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

BANK			GROUP	
<u>2005</u> \$000	<u>2006</u> \$000		<u>2006</u> \$000	2005 \$000
19 EXPENSES				
		Included in this expense head are:		
72 355	72 281	Audit Fees and Expenses Directors' Fees	160 583	160 631

20 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

27,120	47,525	Profit attributable to shareholders	49,258	29,657
81,000	81,000	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	81,000	81,000
0.33	0.59	Diluted/Basic earnings per share	0.61	0.37

21 DIVIDEND

The financial statements reflect a dividend of \$10,935,000 for the year ended June 30, 2005, which was approved at the Thirty-fifth Annual General Meeting held on January 12, 2006 and subsequently paid.

A dividend in respect of 2006 of \$0.15 per share (2005 - \$0.135 per share) amounting to \$12,150,000 is proposed. These financial statements do not reflect this proposed dividend which, if approved, will be accounted for as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ending June 30, 2007.

22 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

22.1 Financial Commitments

As at June 30, 2006, the Bank was committed to make loans and advances amounting to approximately \$46,109,711 (2005 - \$42,742,242).



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

23 RELATED PARTIES

Parties are considered related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making operational or financial decisions. A number of banking transactions are entered into with our subsidiaries and directors in the normal course of business. Those transactions, which include deposits, loans and other transactions, are carried out on commercial terms and conditions, at market rates.

SUBSIDIARIES

Advances outstanding as at June 30, 2006 amounted to \$24,462,628 (2005 - \$23,279,266).

Deposits balances as at June 30, 2006 amounted to \$87,314,164 (2005 - \$77,747,370).

DIRECTORS AND ASSOCIATES

Advances outstanding as at June 30, 2006 amounted to \$238,014 (2005 - \$397,626).

Deposits balances as at June 30, 2006 amounted to \$4,435,376 (2005 - \$3,645,197).

24 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value include cash and money at call, originated debts, nvestment securities held to maturity, investment in subsidiaries, due to other banks, customers' deposits and due to subsidiaries. The following methods and assumptions are relevant to their fair value:

ASSETS

Cash and money at call

Since these are short-term in nature, the values are taken as indicative of realizable value.

Loans and advances

Loans and advances are net of provision for loan losses. These assets result from transactions conducted during the normal course of business and their values are not adversely affected by unusual terms. The inherent rate of interest in the portfolio approximate market conditions and yield discounted cash flow values that are substantially equal to the carrying value.

Investment securities held to maturity and investment in subsidiaries

The fair value of these items is assumed to be equal to their carrying values.

LIABILITIES

Due to other banks, customers' deposits and due to subsidiaries

The fair value of financial liabilities with no stated maturity is assumed to be equal to their carrying values.

Deposits with fixed rate characteristics are at rates that are not significantly different from their current rates and are assumed to have discounted cash flow values that approximate carrying values.

25 CURRENCY RISK

The Bank is exposed to currency risk through its international card business receipts and settlements. Various strategies to hedge the key risk have been devised, ensuring at all times that its actions are in keeping with the Bank's overall objective.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

25 CURRENCY RISK (cont'd)

CURRENCY RISK EXPOSURE

Amounts (\$000)	CAD	EUR	GBP	GUY	
2006	1,224	29,396	1,625	38	
2005	897	65,390	2,147	19	

26 INTEREST RATE RISK

The Bank is exposed to various risks associated with different rates of interest found in the normal course of its business. Interest rate risk mitigation focuses on potential changes in net interest income. These result from changes in interest rates and mismatches in the re-pricing of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities as well as product spreads. These are monitored and, where necessary, action would be taken to minimize any adverse effect to shareholder value.

	Interest Rates (%)			
	EC\$	US\$	EURO	
2006				
Assets Treasury Bills	6.50			
Deposits with other banks Deposits with non-bank financial	-	3.05-5.06	1.80-2.76	
institutions	8.50-10.50	4.73	-	
Originated Debt	5.50-14.00	-	-	
Investment securities	6.50-8.00	3.00-7.20	-	
Liabilities				
Due to customers	1.50-9.00	1.25-2.00	-	
Borrowings	4.75-5.90	-	-	
2005				
Assets				
Treasury Bills	6.50	-	-	
Deposits with other banks	4.50	1.80-3.23	2.00-2.02	
Deposits with non-bank financial				
institutions	8.50-9.00	4.73	-	
Originated Debts	5.50-14.00	-	-	
Investment securities	6.50-8.00	3.00-7.50	-	
Liabilities				
Due to customers	1.50-9.00	1.25-2.00	-	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

26 INTEREST RATE RISK (cont'd)

Interest Sensitivity of Assets and Liabilities

	Up to 1 Year \$000	1 to 5 Years \$000	Over 5 Years \$000	Non- Interest Bearing \$000	Total \$000
As at June 30, 2006					
Assets					
Cash and money at call	401,437	946	1,306	136,720	540,409
Loan and advances	587,185	69,255	169,498	20,365	846,303
Investments	92,880	9,968	8,657	53,411	164,916
Other assets			-	62,628	62,628
Total assets	1,081,502	80,169	179,461	273,124	1,614,256
Liabilities					
Due to other banks	86	-	-	-	86
Customers' deposits	810,848	138,394	-	192,671	1,141,913
Other liabilities	981	-	93,540	167,555	262,076
Total liabilities	811,915	138,394	93,540	360,226	1,404,075
Interest Sensitivity Gap	269,587	(58,225)	85,921		
interest sensitivity Gap	209,387	(38,223)	03,921		
As at June 30, 2005					
Total assets	1,043,465	43,270	139,165	278,255	1,504,155
Total liabilities	697,031	269,302	93,540		1,330,341
Interest Sensitivity Gap	346,434	(226,032)	45,625		

27 LIQUIDITY RISK

The Bank is exposed to daily calls on its available cash resources from current accounts, overnight deposits, maturing deposits, loan draw downs and other calls on cash settled items. A range of wholesale and retail funds are managed to ensure that liquidity requirements are met. The Bank liquidity strategy relies on sufficient cash and marketable instruments such as treasury bills and other government securities to meet short-term funding needs. Fallback techniques include access to the sub-regional inter-bank market and the ability to close out or liquidate market portions. The Bank ensures that it has sufficient funds to meet its obligations by not converting into loans foreign deposits, demand deposits, reserves, provision for interest, provision for loan losses, and other net financial assets and liabilities.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

27 LIQUIDITY RISK (cont'd)

Analysis of assets and liabilities into relevant maturity grouping							
	Up to 1 Year \$000	1 to 5 Years \$000	Over 5 Years \$000	Total \$000			
As at June 30, 2006							
Assets							
Cash and Money at call	538,157	946	1,306	540,409			
Loans and advances	607,551	69,254	169,498	846,303			
Investments	92,880	9,968	62,068	164,916			
Other assets	22,574	7,888	32,166	62,628			
Total assets	1,261,162	88,056	265,038	1,614,256			
Liabilities							
Due to other banks	86	-	-	86			
Customers' deposits	1,003,519	138,394	-	1,141,913			
Other Liabilities	143,618	13,444	105,014	262,076			
Total liabilities	1,147,223	151,838	105,014	1,404,075			
Net Liquidity Gap	113,939	(63,782)	160,024				
As at June 30, 2005							
Total assets	1,277,417	50,148	176,590	1,504,155			
Total liabilities	944,182	281,145	105,014	1,330,341			
Net Liquidity Gap	333,235	(230,997)	71,576				



28 CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the potential to incur losses due to failure of a counter party or borrower to meet its financial obligations. Credit risk is inherent in lending and investing activities. Exposures to credit risk are mainly concentrated in St. Kitts and Nevis, North America, Europe, and other Caribbean States

The Bank exposure to credit risk is managed through regular analysis of the ability of its borrowers (current and potential) as well as counterparties to meet interest and principal repayment obligations. Credit risk is also managed in part by the taking of collateral and/or guarantees as securities on advances, and by the spreading of the risk geographically as well as over a diversity of personal and commercial customers.

Geographical Concentration of Assets and Liabilities

	Total Assets \$000	Total Liabilities \$000	Credit Commitments \$000	Total Income \$000	Capital Expenditure \$000
As at June 30, 2006					
St. Kitts and Nevis	1,174,187	1,024,947	46,110	134,619	509
North America	330,679	284,977	-	14,549	1,499
Europe	91,297	611	-	5,298	5
Other Caribbean States	18,093	93,540	-	490	432
	1,614,256	1,404,075	46,110	154,956	2,445
As At June 30, 2005					
St. Kitts and Nevis	1,021,900	1,066,741	42,742	103,925	451
North America	169,770	220,249	· -	3,523	288
Europe	300,072	-	-	2,659	7
Other Caribbean States	12,413	43,351	-	553	57
	1,504,155	1,330,341	42,742	110,660	803

29 OPERATIONAL RISK

Operational risk is inherent in all business activities and is the potential for financial or reputational loss arising from failure in internal controls, operational processes or the systems that support them. It includes errors, omissions, disasters and deliberate acts such as fraud.

The Bank recognizes that such risk can never be entirely eliminated and manages the risk through a combination of system and procedures to monitor and document transactions. The Bank has developed contingency arrangements including facilities to support operations in the event of disasters. Independent checks on operational risk issues are also undertaken by the internal audit function.



Management Discussion and Analysis provides an overview of the performance of St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank for the year ended June 30, 2006 compared with the year ended June 30, 2005. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes presented on pages 22 to 44 of this annual report.

Operating Environment

St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank (National) commands the largest share of the domestic market in assets, deposits, and loans and advances. National's position within the domestic market is set out below:

These graphs show that while the growth in the St Kitts-Nevis market was significant from one year to the next, National has been able to maintain its dominant position. In 2006, National assessed market share of total assets was 51%, total deposits were placed at 51% as well, and another 51% of the market for loans and advances. The remaining market share was allocated among the other five commercial banks at various percentages.

National Bank versus St. Kitts-Nevis Market (in thousands of EC\$)



Annual Report OL PROFITING FROM OUR RELATIONSHIP

Review Of Operations

Net Interest Income

The Company's operational results are largely influenced by the interplay of the different global economic elements and how they impact our local economy. In fiscal year 2006, net interest income was \$41.8 million compared with \$27.9 million for fiscal year 2005. This represents a 49.8% increase.

The increase in net interest income was due mainly to the growth in loans and advances along with an increase in investments. Interest income from advances to customers grew by 28.5% to \$77.0 million while interest income from investments rose 113.7% to \$15.6 million as a result of a larger investment portfolio accompanied by higher interest rates.

The movement in interest income significantly impacted the yield on earnings assets as it grew 150 basis points higher in 2006 to 8.2% whilst the cost to fund earnings assets increased by 60 basis points to 4.9%. As a result of this 90 basis points difference in spread, net interest margin rose to 3.3% in 2006 from 2.4% in 2005.

Non-Interest Income

As at June 30 2006, non-interest income was 59.3% or \$19.2 million higher than the 2005 figure. This increase was due mainly to commission income on international transactions and foreign currency gains. The growth in 2006 of this subhead accounted for 69.8% of the increase in total operating income before tax.

This upward trend in non-interest income is expected to continue as the Bank adds new avenues in diversifying and enhancing its products while strengthening its customer base. By fully employing our competitive advantages and capitalizing on our superior internal processes, non-interest income will remain an important component of profitability for the Bank.

Expenses

Containment of total operating expenses remains a critical factor in the strategic direction of the Bank. However, along with this focus on operating expenses, the Bank believes that depositors must be adequately compensated for the funds they placed with the Bank. In this regard, National continues to pay the highest interest on all funds deposited with the Bank by its many and loyal customers.

In 2006 financial year, interest paid to depositors increased by 22.3% on 2005 payments of \$50.4 million to \$61.7 million. In addition, the non-interest expenses increase on 2005 expenses amounted to 12.7% or \$2.4 million. The increase in non-interest expenses resulted from increases in utility costs, a loss on marketable securities, and staff employment. The loss on marketable securities was a direct result of rising interest rates in the U.S as the market value of fixed income securities falls with each increase in interest rates.



Our efficiency ratio strengthened in 2006, falling to 23.2% from 32.6% in 2005. This indicates a highly profitable Bank where expenses account for a small percentage of total revenue.

Financial Condition

Earnings

In fiscal year 2006, the Company generated after-tax profit of \$47.5 million, an increase of \$20.4 million, or 75.3%, over fiscal year 2005. Earnings per share in fiscal year 2006 were \$0.59, based on weighted average outstanding shares of 81,000,000 compared to \$0.33 in fiscal year 2005, based on the same number of outstanding shares.

Deposits

Deposits remain the key source of funding for the Bank. At June 30, 2006 total deposits grew by 2.9% to \$1.14 billion. The growth in deposits was fueled mainly by an increase in savings and fixed deposits. At the end of fiscal year 2006, savings and fixed deposits accounted for 73.9% of total deposits compared with 71.5% a year ago.

Assets

Total assets moved slightly to \$1.6 billion at the end of the financial year; a 6.7% increase over the previous year's figure of \$1.5 billion. The growth came mainly from a small increase in local funding along with an increase in foreign business.

Liquidity

The Company remained highly liquid throughout financial year 2006. At June 30, 2006 one-year assets remained fairly constant at \$1.3 billion compared with those at June 30, 2005. On the other hand, liabilities expiring within one year amounted to \$1.1 billion at June 30, 2006, compared with \$0.9 billion at June 30, 2005. This positive net liquidity gap compares well with the model setout by the Asset/Liability Management Committee.

Capital

Shareholders' Equity grew by 20.9% to \$210.2 million at the end of June 2006 compared with \$173.8 million in the previous year. Return on equity (ROE) was 24.4% for fiscal year 2006 compared with 11.0% for fiscal year 2005.

Based on the Basel Capital Accord, bank regulators recommend minimum requirements for capital adequacy of their member banks as a protection to depositors as well as to promote stability and efficiency in the financial sector.

Tier 1 Capital: The Accord recommends a minimum Tier 1 Capital ratio of 4%. As of June 30, 2006 the Bank Tier 1 Capital ratio was 44.0% compared with 38.9% at June 30, 2005.

Total Capital: The Total Capital ratio of the Bank at June 30, 2006 was 62.0% - 54 points above the 8% minimum required by the Accord.



These results show the capacity within the Bank to strengthen its position in the sub-regional banking industry.

Risk Management

The management of risks has emerged as one of the greatest challenges that the Bank now face. This challenge must be tackled by developing new approaches and by adjusting current processes.

The Bank has taken up this challenge and has placed increased emphasis on the management of risks through the systematic development of tools and strategies to mitigate these risks. In fiscal year 2006, the Company conducted due diligence on a number of companies offering Anti-Money Laundering Solutions and has chosen one of these providers to further enhance its risk management strategies.

The risk management solution adopted offers the Company the ability to further detect and prevent all attempts to use the Company for unlawful activities. The new Anti-money laundering solution monitors and analyses all customer transactions and assist in the detection of suspicious and unlawful activities. The Company continues to develop relationships with providers of innovative solutions to combat terrorist and anti-money laundering activities as a protection to all stakeholders especially its correspondent banks.

Corporate Governance

The Board of Directors continues to monitor the business affairs of the Bank to ensure compliance with relevant statutes and regulations. They are charged with the oversight responsibility of increasing operational efficiency, strengthening shareholder and customer confidence, and the investment attractiveness of the Company. The Board is constantly reviewing material developments in governance practices, issues and requirements, and where necessary, policy and strategic actions are taken to safeguard the interest of the Company.

Going Forward

With significant improvement in key areas of development, productivity and profitability, the Company has set new strategies and objectives maintaining the high standards achieved during fiscal year 2006. In the upcoming year, the Company will continue to embrace and combat the challenges that are ahead and monitor and measure financial targets in meeting shareholders, customers and employees objectives.



